About the Agency

NCEMPA is a state-chartered municipal corporation formed in 1976 by cities that owned and operated electric distribution systems but did not own generating or transmission facilities. At that time, the cities were wholesale customers of either Progress Energy Carolinas, Inc. (PEC) or Dominion North Carolina Power.

The Power Agency owns interests in five generating units built and operated by PEC. These facilities include three nuclear units – Brunswick Units 1 and 2 in Brunswick County and Shearon Harris Nuclear Power Plant in Wake County, and two coal-fired units - Mayo Plant and Roxboro Unit 4 in Person County.

Management services for the Power Agency are provided by ElectriCities of North Carolina. Inc.

NCEMPA Officers

John P. Craft, LaGrange, Chairman Matthew R. Zapp, Benson, Vice Chairman Donald I. Evans, Wilson, Secretary-Treasurer

NCEMPA Participant Cities

- Apex
- Avden
- Belhaven
- Benson
- Clayton
- Edenton
- Elizabeth City
- Farmville

- Fremont
- Hamilton
- Hertford
- Hobaood
- Hookerton
- Kinston
- La Grange

- Greenville
- Louisbura
 - Lumberton
 - New Bern

Laurinburg

- Pikeville
- Red Springs
- Robersonville
- Rocky Mount

- - Selma

 - Smithfield
 - Southport
 - Tarboro
 - Wake Forest

Scotland Neck

- Washington
- Wilson



Quarterly Update

In October, Duke Energy Progress filed for approval to purchase NCEMPA's generating assets with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). The FERC filing, made on Oct. 10, was an important milestone for the approximately \$1.2 billion transaction with the Power Agency, which was announced July 28.

FERC approval is required before Duke Energy Progress can acquire the Power Agency's ownership interest in the utility's plants, as well as associated fuel inventories and spare parts.

In addition, FERC approval is required for Duke Energy Progress to enter into a 30-year wholesale power supply agreement with NCEMPA to continue meeting the needs of NCEMPA customers currently served by the Power Agency's interest in Duke Energy Progress' plants.

The filing with FERC details the terms of the transaction, as well as an economic analysis of the purchase price and benefits to Duke Energy Progress wholesale customers. Those benefits include long-term energy-related cost savings and increased fuel diversity, as well as expanded wholesale load being served by the utility through the new wholesale agreement with NCEMPA. All of these benefits can help to keep Duke Energy Progress customers' bills lower over time.

In addition to the FERC review, additional filings and reviews will be required with the N.C. Utilities Commission, Public Service Commission of South Carolina and the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Duke Energy Progress and NCEMPA will work diligently to close the transaction as quickly as possible. Under the terms of the agreement, approvals must be received and the transaction completed by the end of 2016. Ultimately, the timing of the transaction will be determined by the approval process.

The North Carolina General Assembly adjourned its 2013-2014 legislative session on Aug. 20. The main focus of the session was setting the state's budget, yet legislators also acted on legislation pertaining to coal ash, the restructuring of the state's economic development efforts, and the Energy

Modernization Act dealing with hydraulic fracturing. The 2015-2016 General Assembly session will begin on January 14, 2015.

The ElectriCities Annual Conference was held Aug. 7-9 in Pinehurst. "People Power" was a common theme at the conference, as CEO Graham Edwards highlighted the common goals of NC Public Power's 1.2 million customers. More than 400 attendees representing 46 members from North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia met in Pinehurst for three days of information sessions and idea sharing. Sessions covered the spectrum from rate making to emerging technology for utilities to economic development.

NCMPA1 Participants prepared for the annual national celebration of public power, held the first week in October. This year's theme was "Always Steady and Ever Ready." highlighting NC Public Power's excellent reliability, storm response and highly-trained line crews. Communities held customer appreciation events, key accounts meetings and other celebrations to mark the occasion.

Twenty-three communities received 2014
Public Power Awards of Excellence. These
awards recognize the achievements of public
power communities in key areas: Competitive
Business Environment, Energy Efficiency,
Financial Stability, Legislative Involvement and
Service Excellence.

In August, Dub Dickson of Gastonia was presented with the Public Power Lifetime Achievement Award. The award is given to those who have shown a lifetime of service to local systems and NC Public Power with leadership, innovation, creativity and longevity of service to public power. Over his long career, Dickson distinguished himself as both a public servant and a hard working leader. Dickson was a veterinarian for nearly 35 years, served in the North Carolina General Assembly and also served his country in the South Pacific during World War II.

Key economic development news for the quarter included announcements from Linamar Corporation in Wilson that it would add 125 jobs and invest \$40 million; and Natural Blend Vegetable Dehydration in Farmville, adding 50 jobs and investing \$16 million.

Third Quarter Performance

Sales to participants decreased \$6,220,000 (3.3%) as compared to the third quarter of 2013 primarily due to the elimination of the gross receipts tax effective July 1, 2014.

Revenue from Fund Valuation increased \$21,553,000 as compared to the third quarter of 2013 due to a release from the Reserve for Future Costs Fund to working capital for long term rate planning purposes.

Operation and maintenance costs increased \$2,065,000 (10.1%) as compared to the third quarter of 2013. The increase is primarily attributable to Plant Stock expenditures during the third quarter of 2014. Higher Plant Stock purchases are being made in anticipation of early 2015 planned outages at the nuclear facilities.

Fuel costs decreased \$3,504,000 (19.2%) as compared to the third quarter of 2013. The decrease is primarily attributable to lower fossil fuel rates as well as slightly lower generation at the fossil plants in the third quarter of 2014 as compared to the

same period in 2013.

Gross Receipts Tax decreased \$6,146,000 (100%) as compared to the third quarter of 2013 due to legislative changes to eliminate the Gross Receipts Tax effective July 1, 2014.

Debt service costs decreased \$3,011,000 (4.6%) as compared to the third quarter of 2013. The decrease was due to the scheduled reduction in principal and interest payments.

Reserve and contingency fund deposits decreased \$15,948,000 (100%) as compared to the third quarter of 2013. The required deposits for 2014 were made in the first six months of the year and utilized to pay for capital additions. For the remainder of 2014 capital additions will be funded from the Revolving Credit Agreement that was entered into in the 2nd quarter of 2014.

Power Agency Generation decreased \$4,171,000 (63.5%) as compared to the third quarter of 2013. The decrease was primarily due to the completion of the majority of the Generation Project in 2013.

Financing Status

As of September 30, 2014, NCEMPA had outstanding \$1,869,455,000 in bonds.

The weighted average interest cost of the NCEMPA outstanding debt at the end of the guarter was 5.238%.

To date, NCEMPA has had \$1,834,760,000

in debt redeemed prior to or at maturity.

Additionally, NCEMPA has entered into a Revolving Credit Agreement for \$175,000,000. As of September 30, 2014, \$11,300,000 of this line of credit has been used.

NCEMPA Statement of Net Position

Per accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) (Unaudited) (\$000's)

	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013		September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013
Assets			Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Non-Current Assets			Costs of advance refundings of debt	\$154,665	\$190,804
Capital Assets:			Unamortized debt issuance costs	13,441	16,676
Electric Utility Plant, Net:			VEPCO Compensation payment	2,817	3,206
Electric plant in service	\$1,777,215	\$1,756,820	Development costs	2,098	2,368
Construction work in progress	69,962	52,527	Cost to Be Recovered	703,833	861,187
Nuclear fuel	159,189	152,018	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$876,854	\$1,074,241
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(1,202,688)	(1,186,539)			
Total Electric Utility Plant, Net	803,678	774,826	Liabilities		
Non-Utility Property and Equipment, Net:			Non-Current Liabilities:		
Property and equipment	2,952	2,952	Long-Term Debt:		
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,799)	(1,800)	Bonds payable	\$1,721,650	\$1,869,455
Total Non-Utility Property and Equipment, Net	1,153	1,152	Plus unamortized premium	59,906	85,537
Total Capital Assets	804,831	775,978	Total Long-Term Debt	1,781,556	1,954,992
Restricted Assets:			Asset Retirement Obligation	253,949	240,742
Special Funds Invested:			Total Non-Current Liabilities	2,035,505	2,195,734
Construction fund	79	5,100	Current Liabilities:		
Bond fund	244,229	258,292	Operating Liabilities:		
Reserve and contingency fund	10,139	22,620	Accounts payable	8,969	45,260
Total Special Funds Invested	254,447	286,012	Revolving Credit Agreement	11,300	-
Trust for Decommissioning Costs	251,617	242,337	Accrued taxes	2,412	8,557
Total Restricted Assets	506,064	528,349	Total Operating Liabilities	22,681	53,817
Total Non-Current Assets	1,310,895	1,304,327	Special Funds Liabilities:	'	
			Current maturities of bonds	147,805	156,265
Current Assets			Accrued interest on bonds	24,232	26,232
Funds Invested:			Total Special Funds Liabilities	172,037	182,497
Revenue fund	10,275	11,632	Total Current Liabilities	194,718	236,314
Operating fund	48,411	73,341	Total Liabilities	\$2,230,223	\$2,432,048
Supplemental fund	161,062	167,714			
Total Funds Invested	219,748	252,687	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Participant accounts receivable	60,431	58,829	Collections to be expended	\$252,110	\$231,373
Plant materials and renewable certificate inventory	55,076	46,478	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$252,110	\$231,373
Prepaid expenses	44,639	1,535	Total Beleffed Intows of Resources	\$202,110	Ψ201,070
Total Current Assets	379,894	\$359,529	Net Position		
Total Assets	\$1,690,789	\$1,663,856	Net rustion Net invested in capital assets	\$(158,894)	\$(300,729)
Total Assets	\$1,690,789	\$1,663,856	Restricted for debt service	Φ(130,074)	φ(300,729)
	• • •		Unrestricted	244,204	- 375,405
			Total Net Position	\$85,310	\$74,676

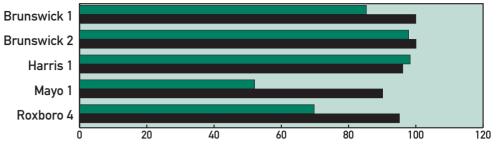
NCEMPA Statements of Revenues and Expenses

Per bond resolution and other agreements (Unaudited) (\$000's)

	Quarter Ended September 30		Year-to-Date	Year-to-Date September 30	
Revenues	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Sales of electricity to participants	\$185,385	\$191,605	\$538,833	\$532,692	
Sales of electricity to utilities	4	-	106	(11)	
Fund valuation	21,553	-	21,553	-	
Other revenues	(8)	(2)	1	(2)	
Investment revenue available for operations	989	1,118	3,636	4,087	
Total Revenues	207,923	192,721	564,129	536,766	
Expenses					
Operation and maintenance	22,570	20,505	71,486	71,639	
Fuel	14,704	18,208	52,946	48,116	
Power coordination services:					
Purchased power	47,808	48,019	132,371	131,035	
Transmission and distribution	6,677	7,097	19,497	18,981	
Other	518	653	974	1,841	
Total Power Coordination Services	55,003	55,769	152,842	151,857	
Administrative and general - PEC	4,423	5,537	16,567	19,384	
Administrative and general - Agency	3,099	2,510	8,600	7,643	
Sums in lieu of taxes	750	750	2,250	2,250	
Gross receipts tax	-	6,146	11,334	17,083	
Debt service	62,396	65,407	184,774	196,006	
Special funds deposits:					
Reserve and contingency fund	-	15,948	42,498	38,985	
Decommissioning fund	915	1,701	4,319	5,106	
Revenue Fund	-	-	5,155	-	
Power Agency Generation	2,395	6,566	2,619	7,069	
Total Expenses	166,255	199,047	555,390	565,138	
Net Position increase (decrease)	41,668	(6,326)	8,739	(28,372)	
Net Position, beginning of period	43,642	81,002	76,571	103,048	
Net Position, end of period	\$85,310	\$74,676	\$85,310	\$74,676	

NCEMPA Plant Status

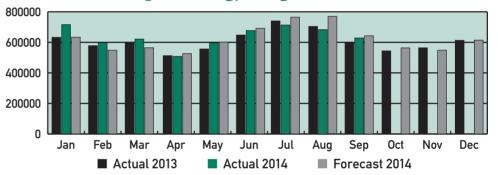
NOTE: The plant status values are year-to-date through September 30, 2014.



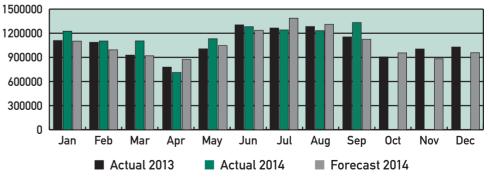
- Capacity Factor The ratio of actual output to maximum net dependable capability.
- Availability Factor The ratio of actual time a unit was available to produce power (regardless of whether it did) to the total time in the period.

Third-quarter highlights: Harris Unit 1 and Brunswick Unit 1 and Unit 2 experienced no outages during the third quarter. Mayo Unit 1 was off line for a scheduled turbine overhaul outage from September 6, with scheduled completion date of November 3rd. Roxboro 4 was in reserve shut down from August 8th to August 12th during the third quarter.

NCEMPA Participant Energy Usage (in MWh)



NCEMPA Participant CP Demand (in kW)



NOTE: * NCEMPA Energy and CP Demand are at the Power Agency to City Billing Point and includes the SEPA allocation. Actual data is not weather normalized.

^{**} The Forecast Year 2014 is from the NCEMPA 2013 Load Forecast.